# PORTLAND HARBOR COLLABORATIVE GROUP CHARTER

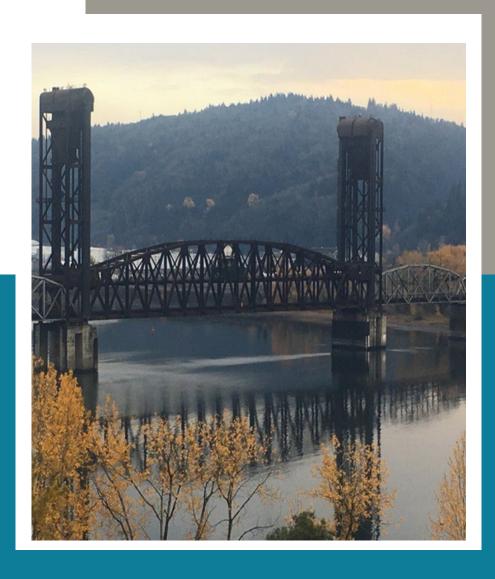


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#### 1. Introduction

This Collaborative Group Charter (Charter) is a living<sup>1</sup> document and was developed in Fall 2020 to guide the Collaborative Group process. It was adopted in principle<sup>2</sup> by consensus at the September 13, 2023 meeting.

Between 2018 – 2020, the Portland Harbor Superfund Site (PHSS or Site) Community Leaders Group (CLG) developed a recommendation to establish a Collaborative Group for consideration by the CLG, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). In 2020, the CLG, EPA, and DEQ achieved consensus and adopted the *Final Adopted Collaborative Group Proposal (Version 2)*<sup>3</sup>, establishing the PHSS Collaborative Group (Collaborative) for the Site.

## 2. Background

A brief background about the Portland Harbor Superfund Site location, role, and a brief introduction to the Tribal and Environmental Justice History and context are below. This section is intended to inform the Collaborative Group members' historical framework and understanding as they participate in the Collaborative Group process.

## A. Superfund Site Location and Role

The Portland Harbor (the Harbor) is Oregon's largest seaport and working harbor. The Portland Harbor Superfund Site (the Site) is located within the Harbor and is a priority cleanup site for the EPA, added to the EPA's National Priorities List in December 2000. The Site includes a portion of the lower Willamette River and spans over 10 miles between the City of Portland's Broadway Bridge and Sauvie Island. The lower portion of the Willamette River flows south to north through Portland, separating the east and west portions of the city. The contaminated Site includes numerous residential neighborhoods, recreation areas, migratory bird corridors, etc.

The arrival of general industry, industrial agriculture, and shipping in the 19<sup>th</sup> century disrupted and polluted the ecosystem and altered the lower Willamette River, which remains in danger of re-pollution. The current Site area plays an important role in the community by providing and supporting ecosystem services such as air quality, energy, food, physical and mental well-being, water, plants, and wildlife. The cleanup will reduce health risks to people, fish, and wildlife and set the stage for redevelopment and revitalization of the riverfront. It may also expand public access to the riverfront for boating, fishing, housing, recreation, workforce development, and other uses through the heart of Portland.

## B. Tribal and Environmental Justice History and Context

It is important to note that the federally recognized Tribes with interests on the Site were and remain instrumental in the EPA Superfund cleanup process at Portland Harbor, and community leaders are committed to honoring their history as part of the Collaborative Group process.

The lower Willamette River, where the Site is today, is the ancestral homeland to many Native people, including the Multnomah, Wasco, Cowlitz, Kathlamet, Clackamas, Bands of Chinook, Tualatin Kalapuya, Molalla, and many other Tribes. For thousands of years, Native people have used the resources of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Living" document refers to a document that is continually edited and updated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Adopted in principle means that the Collaborative Group members agree to use the Charter in general terms without getting into every detail or word smithing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Final Adopted Collaborative Group Proposal (Version 2) link: <a href="https://www.triangleassociates.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/PH-FinalCollaborative-Group-Proposal-Version-2-Adopted-7-21-2020-pdf">https://www.triangleassociates.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/PH-FinalCollaborative-Group-Proposal-Version-2-Adopted-7-21-2020-pdf</a>

lower Willamette River for subsistence as well as cultural and spiritual practices. Portland's environmental justice history begins with Native people who lived in the area long before Europeans arrived. Generations of native people living in this region have been stewards of the Willamette River Valley. These Tribes were connected to the plentiful river-linked natural resources in the area including the fish, the wildlife, the plants, and the habitat. The Native people maintained a self-sufficient lifestyle since time immemorial. However, Europeans arrived in the 18th and early 19th centuries and imposed environmental problems and spread disease, which resulted in death for Native peoples.

Numerous environmental injustices have occurred between the early 1800s and the present day, creating many social and racial inequities throughout Portland's neighborhoods, mostly affecting lower-income and working-class families. In addition to these events, historical exclusionary legal and zoning practices include racial covenants, redlining, eminent domain, and multiple waves of displacement and gentrification. Understanding the history and restrictions for living and building in the Site area requires a knowledge of how these practices relate to and shape modern Portland.

For example, during World War II, two of the three public housing developments permitting African American and Black American residents in Oregon were in the general area. Vanport City<sup>4</sup> was the largest of the three. In 1948, the Vanport Flood displaced over 18,000 residents, one-third of which were African American and Black American. Many Vanport refugees found haven at Guild's Lake Courts, which was the only other public housing development in the Site area that permitted African American and Black American residents at the time. In 1951, Guild's Lake Courts was demolished by the Housing Authority of Portland with no place for residents to take refuge. For more information on the sources of the information provided here and other environmental injustices in the Site area, see the robust Tribal and EJ history sections in the PHSS Community Involvement Plan (CIP) here<sup>5</sup> and EPA's Portland Harbor StoryMap<sup>6</sup>. Additional historical information can also be found on websites for the Portland Harbor Community Advisory Group (CAG)<sup>Z</sup> and the Portland Harbor Community Coalition (PHCC)<sup>8</sup>, among many other places.

## 3. Purpose and Description

## A. Purpose Statement

The purpose of the Collaborative is to provide an inclusive forum for interested and affected parties to share and receive updates, provide feedback, and make individual member recommendations to EPA and DEQ regarding the PHSS cleanup process for the life of the project.

## **B.** Collaborative Group Description

The co-conveners and Collaborative members have established this forum for members to:

- transparently exchange information to ensure all communities receive updates;
- provide opportunities for feedback and responsiveness;
- provide individual member recommendations to EPA and DEQ; and
- strive to consider common ground whenever possible through individual member input.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Vanport City was Oregon's second-largest city at the time and the largest public housing project in the nation. About 40% of residents were African American and Black American and many others Native American.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Portland Harbor Superfund Site Community Involvement Plan website: https://semspub.epa.gov/work/10/100261772.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Portland Harbor StoryMap website: https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/ab89faf239624854a5b9c7723f1c43da

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Portland Harbor CAG website: <a href="http://www.willametterivercleanup.com/">http://www.willametterivercleanup.com/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> PHCC website: http://ourfutureriver.org/

The co-conveners and Collaborative members work together to move the PHSS cleanup process forward on the topics of:

- human health:
- remediation, environmental and ecological health, and re-development;
- · community benefits agreements;
- superfund job training initiative;
- upland source control; and
- other related priorities.

#### 4. Convener & Co-Convener

EPA is the lead convener and DEQ is a co-convener of the Collaborative. They receive recommendations from the individual members.

- **EPA:** Convenes and attends Collaborative meetings, presents as needed, serves as a resource, and receives feedback and individual member recommendations from the Collaborative's members.
- **DEQ:** Co-convenes and attends Collaborative meetings, presents as needed, and receives feedback and individual member recommendations from the Collaborative's members.

If EPA and DEQ no longer convene and co-convene the Collaborative Group, another entity may do so via consensus agreement by members.

## **5. Steering Committee**

A Steering Committee guides the work of the Collaborative. The Steering Committee consists of a small group of individuals that are Collaborative members and are facilitated by the Collaborative facilitator. Further, the membership of the Steering Committee ideally includes at least four individuals, with the objectives of having representation from the Tribes, communities, and up to one performing responsible party (PRP) representative, while keeping the group small enough to ensure scheduling is not overly burdensome. For example, the Steering Committee might include one or two Tribal representatives or members and one or two additional members from the members list below (i.e., neighborhoods, coalitions, conservation interests, advisory groups, public agency representatives<sup>9</sup>, etc.) to ensure equitable representation of affected communities. The Resource Agency Members and Performing Responsible Parties may have up to one individual to represent their interests on the Steering Committee.

The Steering Committee roles and responsibilities include:

- participate in one-hour monthly planning meetings/conference calls to prepare for quarterly Collaborative meetings (up to three hours) and total estimated 36 hours per year (including the Collaborative);
- recommend meeting topics/agendas;
- develop Collaborative agenda topics for the year;
- reserve the ability to determine whether to excuse agencies or PRPs from Collaborative meetings when necessary; and
- other duties as assigned.

The Steering Committee membership can rotate based on which of the upcoming meeting topics are relevant to specific Collaborative members, the need for input and guidance from those specific members,

<sup>9</sup> Public agency representatives include individuals from the City of Portland, the Port of Portland, and the State of Oregon, among others.

and to spread the responsibility between individuals over the course of the year. If one member would like to serve for as long as they wish that is acceptable if it does not conflict with others' participation.

EPA and DEQ will participate in Steering Committee meetings as observers, not members. The role of the EPA and DEQ is to clarify when proposed Collaborative topics arise that are outside of the Superfund scope, but EPA and DEQ will not control the direction of the Steering Committee.

#### 6. Members

The vision of the Collaborative Group is to convene a diverse group of individuals who are representative of the lived experiences, interests, and perspectives of Portland's environmental justice communities. In addition to diversity of background and identity, the Collaborative will also seek diversity of interests. The list below are examples of proposed<sup>10</sup> interest groups that might make up the Collaborative Group membership. The Collaborative Group does not replace formal government-to-government Tribal consultation nor Tribal feedback that is already provided on project areas through the Technical Coordinating Team (TCT)<sup>11</sup>.

The following is meant to be inclusive and iterative and is likely to change over time. If there are additional groups that want to have representation and members, they are welcome. The proposed member groups are listed in alphabetical order after Tribes.

- **Tribes:** The Collaborative has offered an open invitation to affected Tribes and interested federally <sup>12</sup> and non-federally recognized Tribes to participate in the Collaborative.
- Civic Engagement Groups (i.e., WRAG, etc.)
- **Diverse Communities:** i.e., Black, Indigenous, and people of color (BIPOC), Asian Americans, immigrant, and refugee communities, and others are all welcome.
- Environmental and Conservation Groups
- Houseless Community Groups
- **Neighborhood Groups:** We recognize that there will be multiple representatives from neighborhoods, coalitions, advisory groups, etc. Representatives that have the capacity and willingness to participate are invited to do so.
- Portland Harbor Community Advisory Group (CAG)
- Portland Harbor Community Coalition (PHCC)
- **Performing Responsible Parties:** One to three, potentially rotating, representatives that have a site-specific or site-wide agreement signed<sup>13</sup> with EPA and are working in good faith<sup>14</sup> with regulatory agencies and community stakeholders.
- Public Health and Environmental Health Groups
- Social Justice Groups/Community Based Organizations (CBOs)
- Workforce Development Groups

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> "Proposed" is the term used to identify the groups that the Collaborative hopes to bring to the table; however, they may or may not participate based on their interest and capacity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> TCT members include the Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation and the Five Tribes, including the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon; Confederated Tribes of the Siletz Indians; Confederated Tribes of the Umatilla Indian Reservation; Confederated Tribes of the Warm Springs Reservation of Oregon; and the Nez Perce Tribe. Other TCT members include the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA); Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (ODFW); and U.S. Department of Interior (DOI).

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 12}$  The Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakama Nation and the Five Tribes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> If EPA has issued a unilateral administrative order for remedial design to a PRP (rather than an agreement), the Steering Committee may reconsider that PRP's membership.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> "Working in good faith" means that the performing responsible party is in compliance with EPA's unilateral administrative order for remedial design.

#### Youth-led Groups

## 7. Resource Agency Members

Resource Agency and Performing Responsible Party (PRP) Members provide information to Collaborative Members, EPA, and DEQ but they do not develop recommendations for EPA and DEQ to consider. Resource Agency and PRP Members may be standing members or requested for specific topics and be excluded from Collaborative meetings by the Steering Committee. They shall otherwise meet the required criteria of members and should meet the optional criteria. Resource Agency Members include:

- The City of Portland
- Metro
- **The State of Oregon**, represented by the Oregon Health Authority (OHA), Oregon Department of State Lands, and the Oregon Department of Transportation
- Port of Portland

The following Resource Agency Member has the same membership status as those listed above; however, they will take part in the process to develop recommendations for EPA and DEQ. As with all members, they may decline to participate in developing recommendations that are outside their scope of expertise.

#### • Multnomah County

#### 8. Facilitator

The Collaborative meetings will be facilitated by a neutral, third-party facilitator.

## 9. Decision-Making & Submitting Recommendations

Collaborative members who have opted to participate in making decisions:

- make decisions on processes for how the Collaborative functions, and
- develop recommendations to submit to EPA and DEQ on how to move the cleanup forward.

Members engage in the consensus-based decision making and recommendations process (See Attachment A); however, Resource Agency (except for Multnomah County) and Performing Responsible Party Members do not.

# 10. Working Groups

The Collaborative is a site-wide effort which geographically covers numerous project areas. Working groups may form to focus on project areas (i.e., Cathedral Park Project Area, Willamette Cove, etc.) and/or topics, and to make recommendations to the Collaborative. Working groups may retain their own structures and decision-making processes and are not required to make recommendations to the Collaborative. If working groups would like to make recommendations to the Collaborative, they will follow the steps outlined in the adopted decision-making framework. Working groups will share updates and community involvement opportunities with the Collaborative. All working groups must be inclusive and open for anyone to participate. If a working group would like to form, the following general steps are suggested:

1. Contact the facilitation team that a working group might form.

- 2. Meet with the facilitation team to share the vision and proposal for the working group.
- 3. Attend a Steering Committee meeting to discuss proposal.
- 4. Share with members that working group will form at next quarterly Collaborative Group meeting.

Additional specifics of working groups and how these efforts will be coordinated will be further discussed and determined by members as the Collaborative process evolves.

## 11. Membership Criteria

The Collaborative consists of an inclusive group of interested and affected parties who reflect a broad involvement in the cleanup.

## A. Required Criteria

To provide continuity for the Collaborative, members must meet the following criteria:

- review documents related to the Collaborative;
- attend the majority of meetings;
- report back to respective groups and relay feedback to the Collaborative; and
- honor the Shared Group Agreements (Attachment B).

#### B. Optional/Not Required Criteria

The following criteria are optional/not required but it is desirable that members:

- have a strong interest<sup>15</sup>, previous experience, knowledge, traditional ways of knowing, or other resources that can contribute to the Collaborative;
- have technical knowledge related to the PHSS;
- interested in engaging and learning; and/or
- disseminate information to non-participants.

## 12. Collaborative Meeting Schedule & Time Commitment

The Collaborative will meet four to six times per year. It is anticipated a member would need to commit about 28 hours a year for the Collaborative, assuming four to six Collaborative meetings per year (including Public Forums and three-hour Collaborative meetings), four hours per year to review documents before meetings, and approximately six hours per year for reporting back to groups and gathering feedback.

## 13. Non-Members Resource Representatives & Observers

Non-member resource representatives include individuals who have subject matter or technical expertise and/or are from academia that are not members of the Collaborative. Observers may include Tribal representatives that prefer to be a Collaborative observer rather than a member; community leaders that decide not to be Collaborative members; elected officials; media; members of the public; high school and college students; ad hoc interest groups (i.e., academia or experts); and others.

Note that the Technical Coordinating Team Tribal representatives were invited to become a member of the Collaborative in early 2021 and have decided to remain in an observer role.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Strong personal interest refers to someone who does not need any persuasion to be a part of the Collaborative and has personal drive to dedicate their time and resources to the cleanup process.

## 14. Potential Participation Stipend for Community Representatives

While EPA cannot provide a participation stipend for community representatives or use Superfund monies for stipends, other options may exist.

The facilitation team continues to research resource opportunities to compensate community representatives for their participation and to reduce the barriers to participation by providing childcare, food, transportation, and/or minimizing the digital divide<sup>16</sup> for participating in meetings. If any Collaborative members have ideas or suggestions on how to make funding available, please contact the facilitation team directly.

#### 15. Collaborative Process Check-in

The Collaborative will be in effect for as long as its members find it useful and aligned with its intended purpose. To ensure that the updated structure is effective and relevant, the Collaborative conveners and members will engage in a facilitated conversation during on an annual basis to check on how the Collaborative approach is working and if there are any suggested changes.

## 16. Other Processes

#### A. Community Leaders Group

The Community Leaders Group (CLG) meetings were absorbed by the Collaborative meetings in March 2021 and the CLG discontinued once the Collaborative began. This helped to reduce the overall number of meetings that community groups are attending while offering them another venue to participate in. If needed, the Collaborative will create space for community leaders and agencies to have discussions without PRPs in the room.

#### **B.** Public Forum

To preserve the nature of the Public Forum/Open Houses, EPA and DEQ will continue the Public Forum with alternative formats based on the needs of each meeting and at the request of the Steering Committee. Examples of Public Forum meeting formats might include:

- holding a one-hour meeting after the Collaborative meetings where the public is invited to interact with participants, ask questions, and gather information in an informal setting;
- hosting a semi-annual Public Forum, separate from the Collaborative;
- holding a Public Forum as the second half of a Collaborative meeting; and/or
- utilizing other venues for the dissemination of information to the public.

Note that the above list is not exhaustive and the planning for Public Forums will adapt to the needs and requests of the Steering Committee and the public.

## 17. Media, Photography, & Video Policy

There are organizations that might have an interest in the activities of the Collaborative. These organizations might include but are not limited to media, video, electronic, and print. The Collaborative meetings are open to the public and the media. EPA will be responsible for responding to requests to take photographs and video at the Collaborative.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> The digital divide refers to the accessibility of Wi-Fi and technology, or the lack of Wi-Fi, in some tribal, low income, or rural communities, that are not easily or affordably connected to the internet.

## 18. Become a Member, & Maintain & End Membership

To become a member of the Collaborative a member must review, provide any proposed edits, and adopt the Draft Proposed Charter. If at any point a member does not abide by the adopted Charter and attachments, they may be asked to step down as a member by the Steering Committee. If a member would like to withdraw, they should email <a href="mailto:phcollaborative@triangleassociates.com">phcollaborative@triangleassociates.com</a> with this request and the facilitation team will notify the Collaborative group.

As new members join or exit the Collaborative, the facilitation team will provide updates of membership at the Steering Committee and Collaborative meetings.

If a Collaborative member would like to end their own or another member's membership, the following steps will occur:

- the member will email the facilitation team with the request;
  - o If the request is to end the membership of another member the email shall include the reason for the request, an explanation, and any reference to supporting process documents (i.e., the Charter).
- the facilitation team will share this information with the Steering Committee;
- the Steering Committee will consider the request and determine next steps, which may include inviting either member to a Steering Committee meeting to discuss the request;
- the Steering Committee will share the outcome of this request at a Collaborative meeting which may include putting a proposal forward for ending membership;
- the Collaborative may be asked to reach consensus on the membership decision.

## 19. Charter Adoption & Modification

This Charter is a living<sup>17</sup> document and was developed in Fall 2020 to guide the Collaborative Group process. It is revisited annually and was most recently adopted in principle<sup>18</sup> by consensus at the September 13, 2023 meeting.

Any requested modifications to the Charter should be emailed to <a href="mailto:phcollaborative@triangleassociates.com">phcollaborative@triangleassociates.com</a> and are subject to Steering Committee review. If revisions are requested, the Collaborative will be asked to revisit adoption on an annual basis if needed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> "Living" document refers to a document that is continually edited and updated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Adopted in principle means that the Collaborative Group members agree to use the Charter in general terms without getting into every detail or word smithing.

#### ATTACHMENT A

## Portland Harbor Collaborative Group Adopted Consensus-Based Decision-Making Framework

(Adopted on September 11, 2019)

The below decision-making framework was developed by the Portland Harbor Superfund Site Community Leaders Group. The process below was shared as a proposal for how the group will make decisions, gained consensus by community leaders, and was adopted on September 11, 2019. The framework is ready for use by the Collaborative Group.

#### **Preparing for Collaborative Decisions**

- Three weeks prior to Collaborative Group (Collaborative) meetings, members will receive a written overview of any issues, decisions, or revisions to proposals that members, working groups, EPA or DEQ are seeking feedback on.
- Each Collaborative member will review the proposed decision(s) if possible and come prepared to engage in a discussion and decide on the matter.
- It is strongly advised that each member review meeting materials at least two weeks in advance of Collaborative meetings.
- If members are unable to prepare in advance, the Collaborative and facilitator will team to get as far as possible on decisions during meetings within the timeframe allotted for the topic; however, it should be noted that a decision may need to be delayed to the next meeting to accommodate any issues and concerns raised during the meeting.

#### Adopted Consensus-Based Decision-Making Framework

Consensus, defined as consent of all members present, will be the method of determining Collaborative members agreement on issues. A quorum exists when at least ten members are present at the meeting. The members will reach consensus on an issue when it agrees upon a single alternative and each Collaborative member can honestly say:

- We believe that other Collaborative members understand our point of view.
- We believe we understand other Collaborative member's points of view.
- Whether or not we prefer this alternative, we support it because it was arrived at openly and fairly, and it is the best decision for us at this time.

Once a topic has been discussed, any Collaborative member present can propose that the full Collaborative decide. To make a formal proposal for the Collaborative's consideration, the following must occur:

- 1. One Collaborative member will state the decision they would like to be made in the form of a proposal. (i.e., "I propose ....")
- 2. Another member must support the proposal. (i.e., "I support X's proposal regarding...")
- 3. The facilitator will then ask the Collaborative members for clarifying questions and, after any questions are answered, ask the Collaborative members to decide on the proposal.
- 4. Each Collaborative member present can respond to the proposal as follows:
  - a. In agreement:
  - b. Not in agreement *or* have additional issues or questions to be addressed; or
  - c. Abstain from the decision.

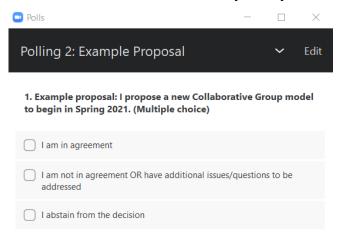
If by the end of the agenda topic timeframe, consensus cannot be reached, the absence of a decision will be noted and those that are unable to consent will be asked to engage in discussions between the

quarterly Collaborative meetings to identify an alternative that they can support and the topic will be revised at the next meeting. Abstention by members from a decision does not prevent consensus.

A "parking lot" may also be used to capture issues that are important and the Collaborative is not prepared to decide on at this time. Meeting summaries and/or reports will capture agreements and differing perspectives. All summaries/reports will be reviewed, revised as needed, and accepted by the Collaborative members through regularly scheduled meetings or by email.

The Collaborative members will be asked to use a virtual polling option, the chat, or share verbally their response on proposals as follows:

**Virtual Polling:** The Facilitator will launch a virtual poll during the Zoom meeting to initiate voting, and each Collaborative member will have the chance to vote anonymously via this tool.



**Virtual Chat Pod:** Once the Facilitator initiates voting, Collaborative members will have the chance to type in the Chat Pod their response on proposals.



**Share Verbally:** Once the Facilitator initiates voting, each Collaborative member will have the chance to share verbally their response on proposals.

Once meetings in-person resume, Collaborative members will be asked to use their tent card to signify their response on proposals as follows:

• **Horizontal Tent Card:** If a Community Leader is in agreement or can "live with" the alternative, they will signify their consent by placing their tent card horizontally as follows.



• **Vertical Tent Card:** In instances where a Community Leader is not in agreement or has additional issues or questions regarding the alternative, they will signify this by placing their tent card vertically as follows. Note that the facilitator will call on each individual that has their tent card vertical to hear the issue, question, or concern and strive to address any issues raised in the meeting to reach consensus if possible.



• **Flat Tent Card:** In instances where a Community leader prefers to abstain from the decision, they will signify this by placing their tent card flat on the table as follows.



#### ATTACHMENT B

## Portland Harbor Collaborative Group Shared Group Agreements

(Adopted on September 8, 2021)

The below Shared Group Agreements were developed by the Portland Harbor Superfund Site Collaborative Group between March – September 2021. The document content below was shared as a proposal for how the group will function, gained consensus by Collaborative Group members, and was adopted on September 8, 2021. The Shared Group Agreements will be used in Collaborative Group meetings going forward.

"Group agreements are a useful tool for getting your group off to the right start and keeping it on track. They help a group to come to an agreement on how it will work together respectfully and effectively. This in turn enables people to interact more cooperatively and maintain respect for each other. Making these decisions as a group is far more empowering than having a facilitator set out 'rules' for everyone to follow."

People are much more likely to respect and implement an agreement that they have had input on. When problems and conflicts arise, group members will be able to refer to these agreements.

- **1. Participate!** Be present, encourage each person to participate in their own way, and recognize that people have different levels of comfort with sharing.
- **2. Take space, make space.** *Listeners:* Take space as your contributions are very welcome. *More talkative people:* Be mindful and take a breath before speaking.
- **3. Listen to understand, not to respond.** If you do not agree or are uncertain about a comment, ask a question to explore areas of uncertainty and listen respectfully.
- **4. Address the idea, not the person.** Treat each other with respect and dignity.
- **5. Cultivate a brave space.** Encourage dialogue, celebrate difference, lean into discomfort, and hold each person accountable to do the work of sharing lived experiences in a productive and creative way.
- **6. Be willing to learn and grow together.** Identify where learning edges are and be willing to grapple with challenging ideas to gain deeper understanding of topics.
- **7. Be mindful of systems of oppression that affect everyone.** Have awareness and be open to discussing how your social group memberships/identities (race, class, gender, dis/ability status, power dynamics etc.) impacts you and others to participate.
- **8. Understand words affect others and speak with care.** If you learn that something you have said was disrespectful or exclusive, listen carefully and try to acknowledge that perspective in the future.
- **9. Check-in with each other and the facilitation team.** Help stick to schedule and on agenda or negotiate alternative timeframes to discuss as this will encourage cohesion and building rapport among the group.
- **10. Practice self-care:** Take care and advocate for your needs (drink water, stretch, bio breaks, etc.).

## **ATTACHMENT C**

# **Charter Revisions Log: 2023 - 2024**

Who requested revision?	When was the revision requested?	Where and what is the current language?	What is the requested revised language?	Why?
<b>1.</b> None received so far				